### NOT RECOMMENDED FOR EVERYTHING.

But if You Have Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble, You Will Find the Great Remedy, Swamp-Root, Just What You Need.

SWAMP-ROOT

CURE.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most impor-

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its

If you are sick or 'feel badly,' begin taking the famous new discovery. Dr. Klimer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kineys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

#### DOCTORS PRESCRIBE SWAMP-ROOT





Sample Bottle of Swamp-Root Sent Free by Mail.

SPECIAL NOTE-If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder troubles, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Klimer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The St. Louis Sunday Republic.



# KANSAS CITY ST. JOSEPH, OMAHA

An excellent evening train for the West is the Burlington's No. 15 from St. Louis at the desirable leaving hour of 9:00 P. M., for the above-named

GREAT 9:00 a. m. For Kansas City. St. Joseph. Nebraska. Far North-west, Portland, Washington.
2:15 p. m. For Denver, Colorado, California. St. Joseph. Nebraska
St. Paul, Minneapolis. TD A INIO 7:40 p. m. For Burlington, Cedar Rapids, St. Paul, Minn KAIN 9:00 p. m. For Kansas City, Denver, St. Joseph, Omaha, Council Blufts, Nebraska, Pacific Coast.

lost limbs. He stated that the House had

changed the rates materially, incre sing some of the pensions allowed under the act

The report was adopted and further con-

The report was anopted ference ordered.

Mr. Morgan again called up his resolution requiring the Secretary of the Navy to forward papers concerning the movements and correspondence of naval officers in Company waters during the past years.

lumbian waters during the past years.

Mr. Hale's motion to refer to the Committee on Naval Affairs prevailed by a strict party vote of it to 18. The resolution was

therefore referred, and, when Mr. Morgan complained that it would not be acted upon by the committee. Mr. Hale replied that it would not be favorably reported in its present form with his consent. The Senate

CONFEREES REACH AGREEMENT.

Interstate Commerce Commission Re-

mains a Separate Organization.

Department of Commerce bill have reached

an agreement. The contentions of the Sen-

ate in the most important matters have

been acceded to by the House conferees,

which leaves the Interstate Commerce Com-

mission a separate organization. All refer-

ence to the Interstate Commerce Commis-

sion is eliminated, and the statistical bu-

reaus to be transferred are specified as be-

ing confined to the War Department, the

Jusserand Presented to President. Washington, Feb. 7.-M. J. Jusserand, the recently-appointed French Ambassador, was presented formally to President Roosevelt to-day.

EXPERTS DECLARE YOUNG SANE

Commission Reports on Case of

Alleged Murderer.

New York. Feb. 7.—William Hooper Young, on trial for the murder of Mrs. Anna Kingston Pulitzer, was declared sane to-day by a commission in lunacy, composed of Doctors Film, McDonald and Dana, ap-pointed by Judge Herrick.

Educational Association Adjourns. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Harrisburg, Ill., Feb. 7.—The Saline Coun

ty Educational Association closed a two days' session at the East Side School build-ing in this city to-night. Nearly 100 teach-ers from the various districts in the county were in attendance.

To Increase Governor's Salary.

Topcka, Kas., Feb. 7.—A bill raising the salary of the Governor from \$1,000 to \$5,000 a year was reported for passage by the House. It will pass the Senate.

HAYES-SMITH.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Armstrong, Mo., Feb. 7.-Mr. Bud Hayes of Linn County was married to Mas Maddie Smith, daughter of Sam Smith, a well-to-do farmer. The Reverend Mr. Maple officiated.

Navy and the Department of Justice.

Washington, Feb. 7.-The conferees on the

statehood bill.

Tickets and information at City Ticket Office, S. W. Corner Broadway and Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

### HOUSE PASSES ANTITRUST BILL

Not a Vote Cast Against the Littlefield Measure, Though Minority Is Not Satisfied.

#### DE ARMOND AMENDMENT LOST.

It Provided for Annual Returns From Corporations With \$100. 000 or More Capital, Doing Interstate Business.

ing Interstate Business.

Judge in Indian Territory, and dividing the Southern District of that Territory into two divisions for the relief of the owners of the brig Oliver Frances and pensions of \$75 each for widows of Generals Siegle and Negley. McKean then resumed in opposition to statehood bill. trust bill passed the House-245 to 0-on

yesterday, the bill was read for amendment, under the five-minute rule.

Mr. Littlefield, in charge of the bill, offered an amendment to section 1, which was adopted, providing that suits for fail-ure to make returns under the bill could be brought wherever the defaulting cor-

poration "has a place of business." Mr. De Armond of Missouri offered the minority amendment to this section, providing that all corporations with a capital of \$100,000 or more, doing an interstate business should make annual returns, This was voted down-70 to 56.

In the absence of Speaker Henderson, who is ill, Lacey of lowa to-day presided. Routine business preceded, the resumption of consideration of the antitrust bill. The Senate amendments to the army appropriation bill were concurred in and the

lowa, Capron of Rhode Island and Hay of Virginia were appointed conferees. Senate Proceedings.

Washington, Feb. 7.—At the opening of the Senate to-day, Gallinger presented a partial report of the conferces on the bill

increasing pensions to ex-soldiers who have

#### Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia. It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they want to, -but simply because they must. They know they are irritable and fretful;

but they cannot be otherwise. They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

readache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is Hood's Sarsaparilla Hoop's Pills are the best cathartic.

### COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS MAY BE ESTABLISHED NEAR ALTON.



REPRESENTATIVE JOHN A. WHEELER. , who introduced a full for a colony of epileptics, which would Of Sangamon County, who introunced probably be located near St. Louis.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT Springfield, Ill., Feb. 7.-it is probable that the Blonis Assembly this year will enact a measure appropriating 250,000 to establish a State colony for epileptics. This will be the first institution of the kind in the West and

the third in the United States.
Should the bill go through, the chances favor as a site for the colony tracts of land layer as a site for the colony tracts of land on the Mississippi River, near St. Louis, and north of Alton, upon the bluffs over-looking the river and the Grafton branch of the Chicago, Poorta and St. Louis Rail-road. The matter was first broached dur-ing the Tanner administration, at which time the Board of Public Charities reported in favor of this location.

in favor of this location.

The bill is already upon the House calerdar. The project was urged at the last General Assembly, but was brought too late in the session to secure action. Consequently, the last of the first control of the control of t by the bill was introduced again, this time by Representative Wheeler of Sangamon County. It has the indorsement of the Illi-nois Board of Charities and of the medical fratenity.

STATISTICS ON EPILEPSY. STATISTICS ON EPILEPSY.

That epilepsy is a disease as general as consumption, and a taint more surely hereditory, and that one person in 500 is so affilieted, are facts not generally known. But these are assertions made by physicians who have made a study of the subject. The figures are nearly as follows:

Number in Illinois on 1 to 550 basis.

Number in Illinois on 1 to 550 basis.

Negoticed in 1901.

In county almshouses.

In State Insaire asylums.

Children's asylums.

Peported by county physicians.

Aside from those in public institutions, no

Reported by county physicians. 240
Aside from those in public institutions, no
figures have been secured as to the number
in Chicago, or as to those in private institutions, or those cared for in their homes.
Consequently the total may be close to
the 16,000 estimate, which is based on the
observations of Doctor Spratting, who is
superintendent of the State Colony for Epileptics in New York, and who deduced the
1 to 500 ratio from data of the Empire
State.

State.

Those who have investigated the condition in Illinois think it safe to assume that the number of epileptics is easily five times the number reported, or 5,00. This would be enough to warrant the expenditure for a colony, which would aid greatly in preventing the spread of the disease.

ALTON SUMMER HOMES.

The site which thus far has the advantage of the state of the disease.

The site which thus far has the advantage constitutes the properties known as Notcheliff and Eliestoun, comprising two summer homes well known in St. Louis. The former is owned by Henry Semple Ames of St. Louis, and the title to the latter is vested in Henry S. Turner. They are both extensive, highly improved, picturesque in location. They contain approxi-

mately, 1.620 acres one-half of which is in cultivation, the rest in forest and pasture. The lands were laid out by landscape architects, and are ornamented by native forest trees. The Notchelff mansion is a three-story stone containing twenty rooms, all distinctively characteristic of the generosity in space of the builders of twenty and thirty years ago.

The Elientoun house is another such creation, not quite so large and more modern.

The Ellectoin house is another such creation, not quite so large and more modern. Both are well supplied in the way of conveniences, and the improvements alone in both places are estimated to have cost \$70,000. The commissioners reporting for the site characterize it as one of the healthlest points in the State, free from malaria, and of a topography excellent for drainage purposes. options were obtained by the State upon the properties. These have now expired but it is understood that the places are still obtainable, if the Legislature sees fit to pay the price, \$169,000.

SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENTS.

The two institutions of the kind are maintoined at Galllopolis, O., and Sonyea, N. Y. The latter is the most successful, and exhibits an interesting example of how a class of unfortunates can be made as happy as their affliction will permit, and, at the same time Improve their condition. The necessity for making provision for an occupation for the patients was recognized at the Sonyea colony. SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENTS.

sity for making prevision for an occupation for the patients was recognized at the Sonyea colony.

A farm and garden are among the most valuable adjuncts. During the first year the number of patients was only 200, but the products of the farm and garden amounted to more than £1,000. In the second year this climbed to £25,000, and in the third year to \$25,000, two-thirds of the cost of maintenance. Industries are successfully carried on. In 1901 500,000 brick were made, and such of them as were not used in building were sold upon the market.

The population of the colony has now exceeded 800, and the epileptics are now supporting the institution, 50 per cent being able to work.

In Illinois it is thought that provision should be made to care for ultimately 2,000 patients. An acre per patient is deemed a proper allowance of land. Casual examination was made of a dozen sites before deciding upon that described above.

PROPOSED APPROPRIATIONS.

PROPOSED APPROPRIATIONS.

The appropriations for the colony as fixed the bill are as follows: For the nurchase of a suitable site con-taining not less than 1,000 acres. 1500,000 For tweite dornitories, including heating and lightline, at \$19,250 each 15,000 For kitchen bakers and laundry 15,000 For kitchen bakery and hausary 15.09
For industrial buildings, brick blant, etc. 22.09
For plumbing, sewerage, water supply and
fire protection 20.09
For definity expenses for the maintenance
of 20 orallents for the year beginning
July 1, 1934. 40.09

Total ......

HASTINGS MacADAM.

### **DENIES THAT HE IS ORIGINAL** OF MARK TWAIN'S HUCK FINN.

Barnett C. M. Farthing, Boyhood Chum of Famous Author, Is Now Clerk of the Missouri House.

## present form with his consent. The Senate then passed the following bills: Authorizing the promotion of Major William Crawford Gorgas, surgeon in the United States Army, for the relief of Captain Joseph M. Simms of the United States Revenue Cutter Service; providing for the holding of circuit and district court of the United States at Kansas City, Kas; providing for the appointment of an additional Judge in Indian Territory, and dividing the Southern District of that Territory into two COMMONLY KNOWN AS "HUCK."

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 7.—Friend and schoolmate of Mark Twain, a clerk of the House of Representatives, Barnett C. M. Farthing is known by his associates as "Huck," and is generally credited with being the original of Huckleberry Finn, the boy hero of Clemens's sequel to Tom Saw-Mr. Farthing is from Paris, Monroe Coun-

yer.

Mr. Farthing is from Paris. Monroe County, the home of Speaker Whitecotton, and was appointed by him on the clerical force. "I occupy the highest position within the gift of the House," laughingty remarks "Huck," and then explains that he is in charge of the House gallery.

This triend of Mark Twain is now 65 years old—two years younger than the distinguished humorist. He has lived in Monroe County since he was a child, his parents having removed from Kentucky when he was a boy. "Sam" Clemens also lived in Monroe County, but in another part, and the two were unacquainted at that period of their lives. Clemens moved with his parents to Hannibal in 1841." Said Mr. Farthing, "My parents lived on the river front, in a brick house. Clemens's father had a frame house, so you can see that I am not the original Huckleberry Finn.

"I went to school with Clemens's in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, I was green as could be, and it took some time for me to fight and buy my way into favor with the crowd of city boys. We had good times, just as every schoolboy does, and the poor teachers had their patience tried more than once with our pranks.

REAL ORIGINAL HUCK.
"George Butler was the evidence of Tom.

REAL ORIGINAL HUCK.

tried more than once with our pranks.

REAL ORIGINAL HUCK.

"George Butler was the original of Tom Sawyer, as every one of the old crowd of boys will admit. He had more money than the rest of us, and could always stand at the head of the class by trading the rest of us out of our credit tlekets. He was shrewder and could put up more tricks than all of us put together.

"Tom Blankenship, now a prosperous fruit grower in the Southwest, was the original of Huckleberry Finn. I do not mean to say that he did all of the things which the Twain Huckleberry did, but his characteristics were the same, You see, Clemens secured most of his facts from his boyhood experiences and then wove them together in his stories.

"I well remember the time that when the crowd of us went out to the 'sland which is so well described in Tom Sawyer.' The story of how he went into the cave and remained for so long is true. Some of the boys who were in that crowd are well known now. Ex-State Treasurer Frank Pitts was in the cave with us. There were also George Butler (Tom Sawyer). Tom Blankenship (Huckleberry Finn), the late Captain John Merødith; John Briggs, now a farmer in Rails County; "Gulliver" Brady, who now lives within a half day's ride of the cave; ex-Congressman Bob Bodine, myself and a few others.

"I went over to Hannibal last summer when Clemens was there, When I walked



BARNETT C. M. FARTHING, Better known as "Huck," schoolmate of Mark Twain, and Clerk in House of Rep-resentatives.

up the aisle after the lecture which he gave be did not quite remember me, but I knew his soft brown even instantly. They had not changed. He distraced me before everybody who was standing around.

"Yes, and you used to go with the rest to steal apples and watermelons from old man Bishop's orchard, he said. I was taken clear back, but I couldn't help it.

"But furt to show you the fact of Clement, I will tell you how he talked to a white-haired lady who was fully as old as he. She asked him if he did not remember his old sweetheart.

"It can't be you, said Clemens.
"But, just the same it is, she replied.
"No, it can't be,' he gracefully said. You are too young."

"And old an she was she blushed at the preity compliment. Oh, I tell you that Sam Clemens is all right."

P. E. BURTON.

P. E. BURTON. MAY CELEBRATE MARCH 17.

Bond Cancellation Ceremonies May Be Held on St. Patrick's Day REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 7.—It is probable that at the meeting Monday evening of the subcommittee appointed to arrange for the celebration of the cancellation of all State bonds it will be decided to hold the eeremonies March 17.

This is St. Patrick's Day, and the day before the seventy days usually allotted to the life of the General Assembly.

Meeting of Curfew Association. A mass meeting under the auspices the American Curfew Association will held this afternoon at the Third Bapti Church, Grand avenue, near Locust stree The pastors of all St. Louis churches haven requested to invite their congregation to be present at the meeting.

Grand Asnusi Ball.

Big preparations are being made by the West End Business Men's Association for its grand annual ball, to be given at Northwest Turner Hall, No. 3'40 Easten avenue, near Vandeventer avenue, on Wednesday, February IS, commencing at 8 p. m..



### Thousands Get Well Without Risking a Penny

They write for my book-and I send it. I supply them my help on trial. They take it a month at my risk.

#### I'll do that for You

Simply send me this coupon, or write me a postal, stating the book you need.

Then I will mail you an order on your druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. You may take it a month on trial. If it succeeds, the cost is \$5.50. If it falls, I will pay the druggist myself. And your mere word shall

That is the offer which hundreds of thousands have accepted, and 39 out of 40 have paid for the medicine gladly, because they were cured. There is scarcely a neighborhood in America. without its men and women whom my Restorative made well.

On Jan. 11, 1903, I published in all the Chicago papers the names and addresses of one thousand people in that city alone whom my Restorative

had cured in just the past six months. Do you believe that any other remedy ever cured one thousand chronic cases in one city in one-half year?

Won't you test the remedy which did that,

#### This is How I do it:

I have spent a lifetime in learning how to strengthen inside nervex. I have learned how to bring back the only power that operates the

vital organs. I don't doctor the weak organ itself. I might as well doctor a weak engine to make it strong I give the organ more power-more nerve power.

I give it the strength to do its duty. My Restorative does that always, and there is nothing more that medicine can do. Unless there is a cause like cancer my Restorative will cure. And conditions that it can't cure are beyond the reach of medicine

When you are cured you will keep my Restorative in the house for little troubles, and to pravent these serious troubles hereafter.

\_Cut Out This Coupon\_ For we all resolve to send for something, but for get. Mark the book desired and mail this with your name and address to

Dr. Shoop, Box 645, Racine, Wis.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia. | Book 4 for Women.
Book 2 on the Heart. | Book 5 for Men (sealed Book 5 on Rheumatism Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists,

### Dr. Shoop's Restorative on Trial

#### **BROOKS IS SENT TO** JAIL FOR CONTEMPT,

Father Refuses to Produce Daughter Florence in Court and Judge Sentences Him.

WILL NOT GIVE UP THE CHILD.

Grandfather of Girl Tries to Save REPUBLIC SPECIAL His Son, but the Latter Is Defiant and Goes

to Prison.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Springfield, Ill., Feb. 7.—James W. Brooks lefted the orders of Judge Creighton of the Circuit Court to-day by flatly refusing to roduce little Florence Brooks in court.
Judge Creighton found him guilty on three charges of contempt and sentenced him to committed in the Sangamon County jail until he produces the child; also to pay a line of \$500 and costs and two additional

As the Judge concluded, Andrew M. drooks, the father of the defendant, and he complaining witness in the case, rushed up to the Judge and anxiously inquired if here were no way of keeping his son from here were no way of keeping his son from going to fail. The old man evidently had ommenced to regret that the legal battle or the custody of Florence Brooks had

for the custody of Forence Brooks and aken such a serious turn.

The court informed the elder Brooks that if his son would telegraph to Chicago and request his daughter to come to Springfield he would gladly sit in the courtroom with the defendant until the child was produced. This gladdened the heart of Grandfather Brooks and he hurried after his son, who had gone into the consultation rooms with

Father and son then met face to face. The former was the first to speak, and he pleaded with his son not to go to jail, but to produce the child as commanded by the The son was firm and he declared

He was then taken to prison.

MARDI GRAS. February 18-24. Low round-trip rates via Mobile and Ohio R. R. to New Orleans and Mobile. Tickets on sale February 17 to 23, inclusive, at 518

mits, stop-overs, through sleeping and din-

street and Union Station, Liberal

U. S. CONSUL AT CADIZ DIES.

JOHN BAHL. Ridgway, III. Feb. 7.—John Bahl. 75 years old, died vesterday at his home, four miles from here. The funeral was held to-day at the Catholic Church.

Catholic Church.

WILLIAM C. FREEMAN.

Lebanon, Fa., Feb., I.—William C. Freeman died to-day at his home in Cornwall. He was 42 years old and vice president of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company of Buffalo.

MAJOR WALTER A. DONALDSON. MAJOR WALLS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 7.—Major Walter A.

Bonaldeon, superintendent of the National Cometery here, died to-day, He had been superintendent of national cenheteries at Antr. a, Marietta, Winchester, Va., City Point, Va., and

FORMER PREMIER DIES REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 7.—Former Premier Kar-aveloff, who was one of the regents of Bulga-ria after the abdication of Prince Alexander, died yesterday of apoplexy.

children.

DROPPED DEAD IN STORE.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bloomington, Dt., Feb. 7.—Otto Schultz. 1
leading merchant, dropped dead while serving customer at his furniture store this morning
lie was 42 years old.

#### NEW RIFLE WILL BE USED IN BRITISH ARMY.

Weapon Called the Lee-Enfield Modifled Is Five Inches Shorter Than Gun Now in Tae.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

London, Feb. 7.-Some important and drastic alterations are being made in the Government small-arms factories consequent on the arrangement made by the War Office for the new pattern of rifle, the adop-tion of which roused considerable comments ome months ago.

At Enfield Lock an extensive scheme of

reorganization has just been commenced. In the first place, a recent order for 25,000 Lee-Enfield rifles has been canceled. The newly adopted weapon is called the "Lee-Enfield Modified." Its mechanism, so the ennied Modfied." Its mechanism, so it is claimed, is much less complex than that of the present Lee-Enfield; it is composed of a smaller number of parts, and is therefore turned out at less cost of time and material, and finally the "modified" is stated to possess greater velocity of discharge.

therefore turned out at less cost of time and material, and finally the "modified" is stated to posses greater velocity of discharge.

The new rifle, it was urged, was stumpy in appearance, being the outcome of an idea to provide all branches of our service with a small arm of one uniform patiern. It is, in fact, really a compromise between a rifle and a carbine.

It is five inches shorter than the existing rifle, which would certainly suggest that the full effectiveness of the infantry arm is in danger of being sacrificed to the hardly equal advantage of uniformity.

For with a diminished length of barrel the backsight and foresight are brought much closer together, thereby increasing the possible angle of error in aiming and causing a most regrettable loss of accuracy at the longer ranges so common at the present day.

Another novelty about the new weapon is provided by the barrel, which is entirely covered by a wood casing up to about an inch of the muzzle—an improvement which will undoubtedly be fully appreciated.

Some critics have dealt rather severely with the system of sighting. The backsight, compared with the existing pattern, is somewhat clumsy to look at. The flap is large, and provides for adjustment up to considerable range without being raised, it his only being necessary at extreme distances from the objective. Despite appearances, this arrangement is advantageous.

The backsight is practically the only portion of the barrel of the rifle which emerges from the wooden casing. This so thoroughly envelopes the barrel that heat radiation, which in the present pattern is disseminated over the whole exposed length, is like, y to concentrate liself at the only outlet to be found—at the backsight and immediately in front of the eye of the firer. This is a possible defect which would minimize the accuracy of the aim.

The introduction of a hooded foresight is also open to objection as being unsuited to rough-and-ready conditions of active service.

For loading the carrier system is adopted. In order to p John H. Carroll Passes Awa;
While on Leave of Absence.

Parls, F-b. 7.—Consul General Gowerly and the existing pattern, it is the first of the music of the music

### place died in Kansas City to-day, aged 72 years. DEATH OVERTAKES ADMIRAL WILDES

Naval Commander in Philipipnes Passes Away Before He Could Reach Home.

EXPIRED ABOARD SHIP AT SEA

When Approaching San Francisc He Foresaw the End and Made Arrangements for His Death.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.-Rear Admira! Frank Wildes of the United States Navy dled suddenly on board the steamer China yesterday morning. He was on his way some from China on sick leave, when death

home from China on sick leave, when death overtook him.

Admiral Wides recently has been in charge of the fleet in Manila, and about the Philippines, his service on the station dating from June, 1992. From the first the tryling climate seemed to be too much for the officer. Under the strain of the continued heat and excessive humidity, he constantly lost strength, until finally the Naval Board of Survey stepped in and the Admiral was condemned as physically unfit for duty and ordered home to recuperate.

It was reported that upon Admiral Wildes's arrival in this country, if the sea voyage had brought his health back, he was to be placed in charge of Bremerton Navy Yard. But the sea air did not work the cure hopeu for.

EXPECTED DEATH.

From the time Admiral Wildes boarded

EXPECTED DEATH.

From the time Admiral Wides boarded the steamer China at Hong-Kong he falled steadily. In Honolulu he was unable to leave his berth. He died February 6, at 10:30 a. m. The body was embalmed and brought into port.

Admiral Wildes was appointed from Massachusetts and his family lives in Boston. He was accompanied on the steamer by Lieutenant Andrews. Commander E. B. Harry and Captain West of the navy. On the voyage the Admiral had told his fellow officers that he expected death soon, and a day or two before the end came he arranged with Lieutenant Andrews to take charge of all his effects and care for his body.

charge of all his elects and care body.

He was dressing on Friday morning when he was suddenly seized with heart failure. He died within five minutes.

The news of the Admiral's death was conveyed to the warships in the harbor soon after the arrival of the China in port, and as the steamer went up the bay to her wharf she passed close to the anchorage of the battleships and each of them had its flags at half mast.

#### THE LUNCH QUESTION. How a Big Chicago Firm Solved It.